

# THE YOUNG HARRIS NEWS.

VOLUME VI.

YOUNG HARRIS, GEORGIA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1914.

NUMBER 3.

## WHY SHOULD LIGHT COME MUST PAY FOR THE PAPER FROM THE LEFT SIDE

The well known fact that, when using the eyes for any near work, the illumination should come from the left side rather than the right is often disregarded. Let any one who considers the matter of little importance once demonstrate to himself the difference and he will never forget it. Take a pencil and paper and try to write while in such a position that the light will fall from the right side. The shadow of the hand or pencil or both is thrown on the paper in such a way as partly to cover the characters one is making. This necessitates a closer viewpoint and a conscious strain on the eyes. Now let the position of the writer be reversed so that the light falls on the work from the left side. He will notice that the shadows fall away from the work he is doing and leaves the field unobscured. In making the change he cannot help but notice the feeling of ease that immediately is experienced by the eyes. This applies to any other kind of near work in which the fingers work under the guidance of the eyes. This fact should be remembered in planning schoolrooms, workrooms, offices and any places where steady close work is to be performed.—Ex.

## SHALL WE MEET AGAIN

The following is one of the most brilliant paragraphs ever written by the lamented George D. Prentice: "The fiat of death is inexorable. There is no appeal for relief from the great law which dooms us to dust. We flourish and fade as the leaves of the forest, and the flowers that bloom, wither and fade in a day, have no firmer hold upon life than the mightiest monarch that ever shook the earth with his footsteps. Generations of men will appear and disappear as the grass, and the multitudes that throng the world today will disappear as footsteps on the shore. Men seldom think of the great event of death until the shadow falls across their own pathway, hiding from their eyes the faces of loved ones whose living smile was the sunlight of their existence. Death is the antagonist of life, and the thought of the tomb is the skeleton of all feasts. We do not want to go through the dark valley, although the dark passages may lead to paradise; we do not want to go down into damp graves, even with princes for bedfellows. In the beautiful drama of 'Ion' the hope of immortality, so eloquently uttered by the devoted Greek, finds deep response in every thoughtful soul. When about to yield his life a sacrifice to fate, his Cleonthe asks if they shall meet again, to which he responds: 'I have asked that dreadful question of the hills that look eternal, of the clear streams that flow forever, of stars among whose fields of azure my raised spirits have walked in glory. All are dumb. But, as I gaze upon thy living face, I feel that there is something in love that mingles through its beauty that cannot wholly perish. We shall meet again, Cleonthe.'"

Judge George Thomas, Columbus, Neb., recently decided that if a man accepts a paper that is sent him he must pay for it. The decision was rendered in the case brought by the Columbus (Neb) Telegram against a man for \$2.35. The Telegram had been sent to the man's home and he had accepted it. When called upon to pay for it he refused and suit was brought. When Judge Thomas heard the evidence he instructed the jury to bring in a verdict for the Telegram. Judge Thomas ruled that the old common law principle that what a man received and used he was bound to pay for applied in this instance.—Ex.

## ONLY TWO

F. J. Collins, who was elected to the legislature from Union county, will be the only Republican in the Georgia legislature as far as it is known now. He will likely feel like the Lone Pilgrim, as a Republican in the Georgia legislature won't stand much show of doing but little, if anything. Really it is a hard matter for even some of the Democrats to do anything.—Dahlonga Nugget.

Mr. Collins will have a copartner in the legislature. Mr. Jesse M. Rice, Republican, was elected from Towns.

## CHRISTMAS CAROLS

Long ago angelic harpers sang the song we sing today And the drowsy folk of Bethlehem may have listened as they lay! But eager shepherds left their flocks, and o'er the desert wild The kingly sages journeyed to adore the Holy child! Has any man a quarrel? Has another used you ill? The friendly word you meant to say, Is that unspoken still? Then, remember, 'twas the angels Brought glad tidings of good will! Of all the gifts of Christmas, are you fain to win the best? Lo! the Christ-Child still is waiting Himself to be your Guest. No lot so high or lowly but He will take His part, If you do but bid Him welcome to a clean and tender heart. Are you sleeping, are you waking? To the Manger haste away, And you shall see a wondrous sight Amid the straw and hay— 'Tis Love, Himself incarnate As on this Christmas Day! —Christian Burke.

## He Knew Not Mercy.

A fish peddler was whipping his slow but patient horse in a residential street the other day, and crying his wares at intervals. "Fresh mackerel! Fresh mackerel!" A woman, seeing his acts of cruelty, put her head out of the window, and called to him: "Have you no mercy?" "No, mum," he replied; "nothin' but mackerel!"

## AMBASSADOR SHARP



William Graves Sharp, who assumed the duties of his portfolio as American ambassador to France on the retirement of Mr. Herrick. The new ambassador's home is Elyria, Ohio. He is one of Ohio's eminent lawyers and leading manufacturers. For the last six years he has been in congress, where he was the ranking member of the foreign affairs committee. He was first considered for Russia, but was later selected by President Wilson for France. He was received by President Poincaré, who sent the carriage of state and an escort of the mounted French republican guard for the new ambassador.

## POINCARE RECEIVES SHARP

FRENCH PRESIDENT GREETED NEW AMERICAN ENVOY WITH ALL HONORS

New American Ambassador To France Rode In State Carriage to Present Credentials

Paris.—William Graves Sharp, the new American ambassador, presented his credentials to President Poincaré. The ceremony was attended by the usual formalities. A detachment of mounted republican guards escorted the state carriage in which the ambassador rode from his hotel to the residence of the president and back again.

In conveying to the government and the people of France, in the most cordial terms, the best wishes of the president of the United States, Ambassador Sharp alluded to the war. "During my sojourn among the French people," he said, "I have come to have an added regard for their exemplification of brave and patriotic citizenship. In expressing the earnest hope that out of the trials of the present hour may soon come the blessings of everlasting and beneficent peace, I but voice the prayers of my countrymen."

## VAN DYKE'S PEACE PLANS

Dr. Van Dyke Told Secretary Bryan He Brought No Letter From Wilhelmina To Wilson

Washington.—Dr. Henry Van Dyke, American minister to The Netherlands, back from his post on a month's leave, has described to Secretary Bryan the earnest desire of Queen Wilhelmina and the people of Holland for the early ending of the European war.

Dr. Van Dyke denied the oft published report that he was the bearer of a personal letter from the queen relating to peace, but said he had reported to Mr. Bryan merely on "the state of mind" of the people of Holland.

After talking with Secretary Bryan for an hour, Dr. Van Dyke indicated clearly that the present did not seem a propitious moment to put forward definite proposals for terms of peace.

"The desire of the United States for peace," he said afterwards, "is a well known fact. The decision as to the proper moment for us to act is in the hands of my chiefs. The president and the secretary of state can be trusted to determine when that moment arrives."

## British Flood Suez

Cairo.—The British military authorities have flooded the desert east of Port Said for many miles, thus preventing a Turkish attack in that quarter. Port Said lies at the southern end of the Suez canal, where the canal joins the Mediterranean sea. It is located upon the edge of the Arab desert, which covers all the northern part of Sinai peninsula. British military aeroplanes are making constant flights over the Sinai peninsula. They report seeing no sign of the Turks. It is believed that the Turkish advance

In a short time it may be necessary to look in the discard to discover a few missing pieces.

## RUSSIANS CLAIM GREAT VICTORY

Slovene Hosts Announce That They Have Won Decisive Battle Over Germans

## PORTUGAL MAY ENTER WAR

Inactivity Marked In Western War Theater—Kaiser Returns From Polish Front

London, England.—Reliable news of the progress of the battle in Poland, which continues to monopolize interest, still is lacking. An unofficial dispatch from Petrograd says the battle of Lodz has ended in success for the Russians, but this statement contradicts the Berlin official report, which says the German offensive in Poland is taking its normal course.

The fact is that fighting in this region has developed into such a jam that it is almost impossible to follow it. The most important factor from the allies' point is that the German advance on Warsaw seemingly has not succeeded in its object, nor has it diverted the Russians from their forward movement through the Carpathians and on to the plains of Hungary or against the fortress of Cracow, around which they are drawing a closer ring of men and artillery.

Taking into consideration the case of Przemyśl, which has held out so long against the Russian attacks, military men do not look for the early fall of Cracow, and are inclined to believe armies of Emperor Nicholas will endeavor to keep the large Austrian force inside the fortress and enter Silesia from the southeast.

Much depends, however, on the battle being fought with such intensity farther north between the rivers Vistula and Warta and in which all agree the losses on both sides have been heavy. There is an inclination to believe that had there been probability of an early success for the Germans in the field Emperor William, who has remained to Berlin, would have returned to witness the victory.

The battle in the west appears to be at a standstill. It is evident that attacks which have been made have not been successful.

## CRITICISE BURLESON

Civil Service Reformers Criticize Postmaster General and Praise President Wilson

Chicago.—Resolutions unanimously adopted by the National Civil Service Reform League in its thirty-fourth annual meeting criticized Postmaster General Burleson and expressed the appreciation of the league for the cooperation of President Wilson.

The Burleson criticism was for inviting the advice of congressmen relative to the comparative qualifications of eligibles for fourth-class postmasterhips. The resolution declared that this was "in direct violation of a section of the civil service law and made the positions patronage of the congressmen belonging to the party in power."

Among the efforts mentioned as having defeated "the attempt by rider on the postoffice appropriation bill to remove all assistant postmasters from the classified service, the endeavor to vacate for patronage purposes the assistant postmasterhips; a subsequent effort to remove all postoffice employees from the operation of the merit system; the proposed through amendments to the Indian appropriation bill to exempt more than 100 physicians from selection under civil service rules."

The resolution set forth the league's appreciation of the "co-operation of President Wilson in securing the defeat of these measures."

## Portugal Enters War

Madrid, Spain.—It is reported from Lisbon that the Portuguese cabinet has resigned, preparatory to Portugal entering the war. A Portuguese expeditionary force is leaving for an unnamed port in Africa. It is understood that this force is being sent to Egypt, where England is massing a large force of Australians, Canadians and native troops to meet the Turks who are menacing the Suez canal.

## Awful Suffering Of Belgians

London.—Herbert Clark Hoover, chairman of the American commission for relief in Belgium, returned to London after a week's trip of inspection in Belgium. He reported that distribution of food is well under way, but declared famine still threatens the population and that on account of the attitude of the belligerents the Belgians must still appeal to the people of the United States for relief. "It is difficult to state the position of the civil population of Belgium without appearing hysterical," said Hoover.

Still, no one has the nerve to say that Wilhelm's favorite vegetable is

## BELGRADE FALLS AFTER LONG SIEGE

Austrians Capture Serbian Capital After Siege Which Has Lasted Since The War Began

## BIGGEST RESULT OF WAR

Germany Increases Her War Credit. No Decisive Victories Reported Either In Poland Or West

London.—Belgrade, until the outbreak of the war Serbia's capital, is now occupied by Austrian troops. The Serbians previously had evacuated the city.

Thus, on the sixty-sixth anniversary of the reign of Emperor Francis Joseph, who is again reported seriously ill, and four months after the outbreak of the war, his general's report one of the most important successes they have obtained.

Belgrade frequently was bombarded early in the war and but for the necessity that compelled Austria to send troops against Russia must have fallen an easy prey to Serbia's big neighbor.

## First Forces Insufficient

Apparently Austria miscalculated the nature of the Serbian opposition and only after Bosnia was invaded did she send a sufficient force against the Serbians to drive them back. Now they are being forced backward and are eagerly looking for the advance of the Russians into Hungary to afford them relief.

Russia has been sending Cossack raiding parties through the Carpathians to divert Austria's attention, but the dual monarchy seemingly is determined to finish with Serbia first.

## Battle In Poland Raging

This, however, is only a small affair compared with what is going on in north Poland. There the German army, which, aided by reinforcements, escaped from the ring the Russians had forced around it, has formed a new front, and at some points has resumed the offensive. The Germans assert that in these maneuvers they made 80,000 prisoners.

The Russians, in a statement issued through Rome, say their captures very greatly exceed this number. All agree that losses have been heavy and that the battle will still be undecided as it probably will be for some days.

For a moment the allies are somewhat disappointed that the realization of a great Russian victory is delayed. They take some consolation in that the German attempt to piece the Russian lines has failed, and that, suffering from heavy losses, the Germans are compelled to weaken their armies elsewhere.

The Russian report says the fighting has lost some of its violence and indicates progress for Russian troops south of Lodz. It is unofficially reported that the Russians are "nearly in Cracow."

## Servians Losing Hold

Washington.—Austro-Hungarian successes along the entire line in Serbia, which have resulted in the Serbs being driven from the banks of the Calubara river, and a successful sortie from the fortress of Przemyśl were reported in Vienna official dispatches to the Austro-Hungarian embassy. The dispatch said: "In Serbia the enemy, resisting with all its forces on the east of the river Calubara and Ljda, after a most obstinate fight on the whole line, was beaten. The enemy retired with considerable losses. Since the beginning of the last offensive we have captured 19,000. The front in West Galicia and Russian Poland was generally quiet. On the front before Przemyśl the enemy trying to approach from the north of the fortress were repulsed by a counter-attack on the garrison. The commander of the Fifth army sent the commander of the Fifth army sent the nouncing the occupation of Belgrade by the Austro-Hungarian troops. An attack of the Russians near Wolbrun was repulsed. Otherwise relative calm."

## French Success Claimed

Paris.—The following official communication was issued by the war office: "In Belgium, a violent bombardment of Lampernisse, west of Dinmude, has taken place. In the Artois region the enemy has blown up by a mine the salient northwest of the forest of LaGrurie. On the whole, we are developing progress on that part of the front."

## General De Wet Captured

London.—Gen. Christian De Wet, the leader of the rebellion of the Union of South Africa, has been captured, according to a Pretoria official dispatch to the Reuters. General De Wet rose to fame as commander in chief of the Orange Free State forces in the South African war. Starting as a burgher in the Heilbron commando, he later was appointed commandant of Ladysmith and was sent to relieve General Conje as second in command. When General Conje surrendered, De Wet was made commander-in-chief.

There are indications that next year will see a lamentable lack of bride-

## ROAD BUILDING

### ROADS AS CROP PRODUCERS

Government Studies Show How Agricultural Outlook of Country Depends Upon Its Highways.

That an improved road will increase vastly the productivity of the area through which it runs has now been satisfactorily demonstrated by studies conducted by the United States department of agriculture in Virginia. Conditions in Spotsylvania county were investigated with particular care, and the results have proved surprising. In 1909 the county voted \$100,000 to improve 49 miles of roads. Two years after the completion of this work the railroad took away in 12 months from Fredericksburg, the county seat, 77,000 tons of agricultural and forest products hauled over the highway to that town. Before the improvement of the roads this total was only 30,000 tons annually; in other words the quantity of the county's produce had risen more than 40 per cent. Still more interesting, however, is the increase shown in the quantity of the dairy products. In 1909 these amounted to 114,515 pounds, in 1911 to 275,422 pounds, an increase of practically 140 per cent in two years. In the same time shipments of wheat had increased 59 per cent, tobacco 31 per cent and lumber and other forest products 48 per cent.

In addition to this increase in quantity the cost of hauling each ton of produce was materially reduced. In other words the farmers not only produce more but produce more cheaply, for the cost of transportation to market is, of course, an important factor in the cost of production. From this point of view it is estimated that the \$100,000 spent in improving the roads in Spotsylvania county saved the farmers of that county \$41,000 a year.

In the past two years the traffic studies of the federal experts show that approximately an average of 65,000 tons of outgoing products were hauled over the improved roads in the county, an average distance of eight miles, or a total of 520,000 "ton-miles." Before the roads were improved it was estimated that the average cost of hauling was 20 cents a "ton-mile," after the improvement this



A Pike in Eastern Iowa.

fell to 12 cents a "ton-mile," or a saving of eight cents. A saving of eight cents per mile on 520,000 "ton-miles" is \$41,600 a year. The county's investment of \$100,000, in other words, returns a dividend of 40 per cent annually.

Because this saving, in cases of this character, does not take the form of cash put directly into the farmers' pockets, there is a widespread tendency to believe that it is fictitious profit, while as a matter of fact it is just as well a source of profit as the increase in the price of wheat.

In Dixie county, Virginia, for example, where peanuts is one of the staple crops, the average load for two mules on a main road was about one thousand pounds before the road was improved. After its improvement the average load was found to be 2,000 pounds, and the time consumed in hauling the larger load to market was much reduced. In other words, one man with a wagon and two mules could do more than twice as much work with the improved road than with an unimproved road. This is the explanation of the extraordinary rise in the total output of agricultural products in a county with a good road system.

### Bad Roads Excepted.

There is an excuse for everything except bad roads.

What we fail to understand is the marvelous manner in which imported

## THE YOUNG HARRIS NEWS

ESTABLISHED 1909.

J. H. STEPHENS, Editor.

YOUNG HARRIS, GEORGIA

\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Published Every Thursday.

Official Organ of Towns County

Entered at Young Harris, Ga. P. O. as second class matter March 26 1909 under the Act of March 3, 1879.

## ADVERTISING RATES

1 inch single column 1 time 15c  
 1 " " " 2 " 25  
 1 " " " 4 " 75  
 1 " " " 1 year \$5.00  
 Reading notices, per line 10c  
 No ad inserted for less than 25c  
 Special rates on large space or long time contracts.

All legal ads must be paid for in the first of the month following the completion of the time for running the ad. Cash must accompany all ads for divorce.



THURSDAY, Dec. 10, 1914.

Canada reports that the blackbirds are fighting the army worm. Score one for the blackbirds!

Europe at the present writing resembles a futurist painting of a house falling downstairs.

Generally speaking, the fellow who goes around with a chip on his shoulder is a blockhead.

Why worry about the European situation? You can find things to worry about much nearer home.

The diplomats of the day are earning their salaries. Also the members of the various war departments.

That Swiss fleet may not be so much of a joke when compared with the fleets of other nations after the war.

They may be fighting in London, old chap, but that is no reason for you to carry a gun in your pocket here.

Even if it were possible to do so, taxing American heiresses who marry foreign noblemen wouldn't break them of the habit.

With all these discoveries of the tombs of ancient gods and goddesses, nobody has located the final resting place of old Mars!

Ingenious person writes that sand-papery can be done on a disk phonograph. Some phonograph music sounds that way.

The summer girl will soon be coming home with a fine collection of scalps attached to her belt. For "scalps" read "hearts."

There will be no shortage of foreign wines if California grapes hold out and American label printers retain their health and strength.

Millionaires ordering automobiles abroad will have to be satisfied with home makes. Thus does war continue to extend its privations.

An esoteric article says there are four essential conditions to good spirit photography: the first, we presume, is to have the spirit look pleasant.

Purely platitudinous and superfluous, not to say obvious, is the remark of the man in the Palm Beach suit, "I wear it for comfort, not for looks."

American women may invent their own styles here at home, but it is a safe guess that all their new style garments this year will have military names.

Because of the war in Europe, drug-gists are now charging more for a popular headache remedy manufactured abroad. Neurasthenic women may yet have to fall back on domestic dope.

**Roads and the Schools.**  
 Improved roads make it possible to consolidate or centralize schools, and to establish graded schools in the rural districts. Such schools, centrally located, will accommodate all of the children within a radius of from four to five miles.

**New Road Machine.**  
 In a new road-making machine the asphalt is heated as it is being mixed by flames from the fire box of the boiler, blown into the mixing drum by a powerful blast.

## PUBLIC ROADS

## IMPORTANCE OF ROAD REPAIR

Impression That There Are Certain Types of Highways That Are Permanent Is Erroneous.

There is no phase of the road problem more important than that of maintenance. The general impression that there are certain types of roads that are permanent is erroneous. No permanent road has ever been constructed or ever will be, according to the road specialists of the United States department of agriculture. The only things about a road that may be considered permanent are the grading, culverts and bridges. Roads constructed by the most skillful highway engineers will soon be destroyed by the traffic, frost, rain and wind, unless they are properly maintained. But the life of these roads may be prolonged by systematic maintenance. A poor road will not only be improved by proper maintenance, but may become better in time than a good road without it.

The first and last commandment in earth road maintenance is to keep the surface well drained. To insure good drainage the ditches should be kept open, all obstructions removed and a smooth crown maintained. Except for very stony soil the road machine or scraper may be used very effectively for this work. The machine should be used once or twice a year and the work should be done when the soil is damp so that it will pack and bake into a hard crust. Wide and shallow side ditches should be maintained with sufficient fall and capacity to dispose of surface water. These ditches can in most places be constructed and repaired with a road machine.

All vegetable matter such as sods and weeds should be kept out of the road as they make a spongy surface which retains moisture. Clods are also objectionable for they soon turn to dust or mud and for that reason roads should never be worked when dry or hard. Boulders or loose stones are equally objectionable if a smooth surface is to be secured.

A split-log drag or some similar device is very useful in maintaining the surface after suitable ditches and cross sections have once been secured. This drag can also be used to advance on a gravel road as well as on an earth road. The principle involved in dragging is that clays and most heavy soils will puddle when wet and set very hard when dry. The little attention that the earth road needs must be given promptly and at the proper time if the best results are to be obtained.

In dragging roads only a small amount of earth is moved, just enough to fill the ruts and depressions with a thin layer of plastic clay or earth which packs very hard so that the next rain instead of finding ruts, depressions and clods in which to collect runs off leaving the surface but little affected.

The drag should be light and should be drawn over the road at an angle of about forty-five degrees. The driver should ride on the drag and should not drive faster than a walk. One round trip, each trip straddling a wheel track, is usually sufficient to fill the ruts and smooth the surface. If necessary the road should be dragged after every bad spell of weather, when the soil is in proper condition to puddle well and still not adhere to the drag. If the road is very bad it may be dragged when very wet and again when it begins to dry out. A few trips over the road will give the operator an idea as to the best time to drag. Drag at all seasons, but do not drag a dry road.

The slope or crown of an earth road should be about one inch to the foot. If the crown becomes too high it may be reduced by dragging toward the ditch instead of from it. If the drag cuts too much, shorten the hitch and change your position on the drag. If it is necessary to protect the face of the drag with a strip of iron, it should be placed flush with the edge of the drag and not projecting. A cutting edge should be avoided, as the main object in dragging is to smear the damp soil into position.

**Usually Too Narrow.**  
 The average roadway is crowned too narrow. Sixteen feet, in these days of autos and auto trucks, is none too much, and where travel is heavy 20 would be better.

**Use of Slip-Log Drag.**  
 Next to permanent road building comes a systematic and intelligent use of the slip-log drag.

**Roads Should Be Crooked.**  
 Good roads in the future should be built on the zig-zag plan for the avoidance of hills and steep grades, the federal office of good roads announced recently in declaring that the lives of horses and automobiles could be lengthened thereby and the cost of hauling reduced materially. The experts contend that "the longest way around often may be the shortest and most economical way home," and decry the natural tendency to build straight roads whenever they must breast heavy grades.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF  
The Bank of Hiawasee.

Located at Hiawasee, Ga., at the close of business Dec. 4th, 1914

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Demand Loans 167.00	Capital Stock Paid in 15,000.00
Time Loans 40,866.25	Undivided Profits, less Current Expenses, Interest and Taxes Paid 235.88
Bonds and Stocks owned 2,000.00	Individual Deposits 28,056.17
By the Bank 2,545.40	Subject to Check 18,023.43
Banking House 1,505.46	Time Certificates 1,675.61
Furniture and Fixtures 520.11	Bills Payable, Including Time Certificates Representing 3,000.00
Other Real Estate 12,759.96	Borrowed Money 3,000.00
Due from Banks and Bankers in this State 1,675.61	
Due from Banks and Bankers in other States 939.00	
Currency 45.00	
Gold 597.01	
Silver, Nickels, etc.	
<b>TOTAL \$64,321.48</b>	<b>TOTAL \$64,321.48</b>

STATE OF GEORGIA, Towns County

Before me came W. O. Sparks, Cashier, Bank of Hiawasee, who being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is a true condition of said Bank, as shown by the books of file in said Bank.

W. O. Sparks.

Sworn to and subscribed before, this the 15, day of December, 1914.

A. C. Franks,

C. N. P.

Attention  
 Application  
 Accuracy  
 Method  
 Punctuality  
 Despatch

Are the principal qualities  
 required for the efficient  
 conduct of any business.

—Drew's Inprint.

## WANTED.

The Young Harris News wants a man to canvas Towns county for subscribers to the News. Write or call on us for particulars.

The Young Harris News,  
 Young Harris, Ga.

## It's A Good Letter After All.

Someone has advanced the opinion that the letter "e" is the most unfortunate letter in the English alphabet, because it is always out of cash, forever in debt, never out of danger and in hell all the time. For some reason, he overlooked the fact that the letter, as we call his attention to the fact "e" is never in war and always in peace. It is the beginning of existence, the commencement of ease and the end of trouble. Without it there would be no meat, no life and no heaven. It is the center of honesty, makes love perfect and without it there could be no editors, devils nor news. —Drew's Inprint.

## Had to Have Photograph.

Husband comes in to find his wife turning everything topsy-turvy. "Gracious, Isabel! What you doing?" "I just received a telegram from Aunt Jane saying she'll be here at 6:30 and I can't find her photograph anywhere."

LUMBER MADE OF STRAW  
USED IN BUILDING.

A French inventor has patented a process whereby straw is converted into an artificial wood. Beams, lath, plank and molding can be made of it, and it can be sawed, planed and polished as readily as natural wood. To make this artificial wood, straw is chopped and boiled until it is reduced to a paste, and certain chemicals added. When mixed into a homogeneous mass it is placed in hydraulic presses, and lumber of all sizes is thus made to order. It is also suitable for match sticks, as when it burns it gives a bright flame with little smoke.—Ex.

See our line of jewelry before buying for Christmas. We have the best line you will find anywhere of guaranteed goods. Solid gold cuff buttons, stick pins, bracelets, lockets, silk and gold fobs, lavaliers, cameo rings, signet rings, and anything you could wish for in jewelry.

Advt. Stephens.

## NOTICE

After December 25, 1914, we will discontinue selling goods on a credit. The expenses of bookkeeping over run the profits on accounts. I will have to attend to my business myself and cannot take the time to charge goods. All old accounts must be settled by January 1, 1915.

Don't forget the date and ask us for credit.

Yours for trade,

J. H. STEPHENS.

## And When Money Talks?

Sound travels at the rate of 400 yards per second. Exceptions to this rule: Scandal, 1,000 yards; Flattery, 500 yards; truth, 2 1/2 yards; alarm clock.

Towns Court of Ordinary, Dec. 1, 1914

Affid. M. Eller, Guardian of Julia Eller, (York) has applied to me for a discharge of his guardianship of Julia Eller, (York) this is therefore to notify all persons concerned, to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else he will be discharged from his guardianship as applied for.

John M. Johnson, Ordinary.

\$8.00. 12-10-14

## Profound Consular Advice.

The American commercial representative abroad should say what he means. We have just been reading a consular report from the Uganda district, Africa, which informs us that "human beings acquire the sleeping sickness from biting flies." If this is really a fact, the obvious advice is: Substitute battles or roaches. Don't bite flies; swat them!—Judge.

## NOTICE.

All persons due us on account are requested to make settlement. We need what is due us so we can settle our bills. Please attend to this at once.

J. H. STEPHENS.

## Smallpox Quarantine Notice.

To whom it may concern:

The mayor and council have this day quarantined the town of Young Harris against people coming into Young Harris from Blairsville on account of smallpox, which is now in Blairsville, Union county. Any one violating the quarantine regulation will be subject to the penalties of the law. This December 3, 1914.

J. W. Hughes, Mayor.

## ADVICE AND COUNSEL

Why not make this Bank your place of deposit?

Some day you may need the assistance we can give you

We will at all times feel a personal interest in you, and we want you to feel free to seek our advice and counsel.

Call on us when we can serve you.

## BANK OF YOUNG HARRIS.

Young Harris, - - - Georgia.

Jno. D. Walker, President. A. G. Maxwell, Cashier.

Advertisement.

## INSURANCE:--

Fire, Life, Health, Accident, Burglary,  
 Automobile Insurance and all  
 Other Kinds of Insurance.

A postal brings particulars or a call. Only best companies represented. We are registered in Towns County.

CLERMONT INSURANCE AGENCY,

Herbert Tabor, Manager,

Clermont, Ga.

Manager for Young Harris

A. G. Maxwell



## 10 Great Serials

full of life and action, filled with the fire of fine inspiration and followed by 250 short stories of adventure, will make

The YOUTH'S COMPANION  
Better Than Ever in 1915

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

YOUNG HARRIS GA

Office at Residence

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The relation of the nose to the other features is marked. Broad, flat noses are usually accompanied by large mouths and thick lips, while well-proportioned noses generally have finely cut mouths, well formed eyebrows, and delicately shaped ears. Most of us prefer, from an artistic point of view, small, straight noses, not too high, corresponding with the Greek ideal.



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## Local and Personal.

## COLLEGE NEWS

(By Prof. T. J. Lance)

Only fifteen days until Christmas.

Mr. Judge Platt made a business trip to Blairsville Tuesday. We have on hand blank deeds and for title. Stephens.

A Christmas gift from a full heart is more blessed than one from a full pocketbook.

Dr. E. C. Wellborn, of route one, was a business visitor here Tuesday.

Mr. John Kerby has moved into the house vacated by Mr. A. T. Adams.

Mr. F. L. Nichols, of Robertstown, is spending a few days with his family.

Mrs. Vina Wood and son, Clyde, made a business trip to Murphy Tuesday.

Mrs. J. H. Stephens was quite ill of lagrippe the first of the week but is now convalescent.

Mr. J. W. Hyatt and son, Will, of Gum Log, were here on business Monday.

Mr. Aura Dean returned to Atlanta Saturday after spending sometime with her folks.

Mr. George Abbott, of Murphy, N. C., after working here for some time returned to his home Tuesday.

Mr. B. H. Stone, of Blairsville, passed through Young Harris Tuesday enroute to Hiawassee.

Mr. Leonard Platt moved his family from Mr. A. C. Cook's farm to Mr. Tom Lloyd's near Young Harris this week.

"Mince pies like my mother used to make." You can have them if you'll get some of that mince meat at Stephens.

Mr. B. H. Stone, of Blairsville, brought over a load of fine apples this week and sold them to J. H. Stephens.

The third session of the sixty-third congress of the United States convened last Tuesday. They expect to get through by March first.

Mr. and Mrs. Eurith Rivers were week-end visitors of her grandfather, Mr. E. W. Butt, in Blairsville. Miss Panline Butt returned with them for a weeks visit.

Have the windows in your home panes? If not we have almost any size you need. Winter is coming and you need to put in the broken panes to keep out the cold and keep you from having pains. Stephens.

The L. O. O. F. Lodge elected officers last Saturday night, which resulted as follows: A. E. Daniel, N. G.; J. M. Welch, V. G.; A. K. Waldroop, Treasurer; T. K. Jackson, Financial Secretary; W. F. Allen, Recording Secretary.

Leo M. Frank was denied the writ of error before the United States supreme court. They handed down their decision Monday. This is the last chance he has before any court. The only other chance he has is to ask for a commutation of sentence before the Prison Board and Governor Slaton. It is not probable that the Prison Commissioners and the Governor would set aside the rulings of the State and United States courts and give Frank a commutation of sentence. It looks to us very much like he is going to hang.

See the statement of the Bank of Hiawassee in another column.

We learn that work is progressing nicely on the Hayesville-Andrews rail road.

Miss Daisy Hullander, of Track Rock, was here having dental work done Wednesday.

Would it be a nice idea to send your friends a paid up subscription for one year to the News for a Christmas present? How about it anyway?

You will find the largest and most complete line of family and fancy groceries in Young Harris at Stephens.

Mr. Charlie Reid left for his home in Blairsville Wednesday. He had to quit school for awhile on account of his eyes. We trust he will soon return.

The First Quarterly Conference will be held at Young Harris February 21-22. Everybody invited to attend. All the official members are especially requested to be present.

W. H. Cooper, P. E.

per B. H. Green, Pastor.  
Mr. A. T. Adams left for his new home at Danielsville Tuesday. He was accompanied by Mr. A. J. Carson and son, Harvey. They went through the country in wagons. Mrs. Adams will remain here for a short while.

At the election here Saturday, Mr. J. W. Hughes was elected mayor and Messrs. J. W. Hood, A. J. Carson, Dan Alexander and W. F. Allen were elected aldermen. Votes also were cast for bailiffs of the 1468 District, Messrs. John Daniel and J. L. White receiving the majority of the votes.

The new mayor and aldermen elected for Young Harris met and took the oath of office Monday night. They elected Mr. H. J. Caldwell policeman; J. W. Hood, Clerk; Dan Alexander, Treasurer; W. F. Allen and Dan Alexander, Street Committee; J. W. Hood and A. J. Carson, Tax Assessors, and all four were appointed as the Sanitary Committee.

Our new pastor, Rev. B. H. Green, and son, Bryan, reached here Sunday night coming from Roswell through the country. Mrs. Green and daughters, Anna and Margaret, and son, Mark, came over from Murphy Tuesday night. Mrs. Vina Wood went over Tuesday morning after them. The ladies of the town met Tuesday afternoon at the parsonage and gave them a "real old fashioned pounding," besides preparing supper. Before Mrs. Green arrived, Mr. Green was the guest of Mrs. A. J. Wood.

## Byers Creek News.

Messrs. Charlie and Will Thomas, of Ivy Log, passed through here Sunday.

Mr. Jim Brown, of near Warner, N. C., was visiting friends here Sunday.

Messrs. Alford Kuykedoll and B. F. Green visited Mr. Pingree Henson, of Gum Log, Sunday.

Mr. Noah Sampson visited Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Bryson Sunday.

Misses Bertha and Ella Thomas visited their sister, Mrs. Cicero Nichols, Sunday.

Mr. R. R. Hooper is remodeling his dwelling this week.

Ott and Muder.

Examinations will begin Friday December the 18, close Tuesday the 22. School will open again on Wednesday January 6.

The work of the fall term is near completion. It has been one of the most successful terms the school has had, there being but little friction during the entire term.

A large number of the students are expected to spend the Christmas holidays at home. There will be but few, if any who will not be able to return on account of the cotton situation.

The young men, comprising the newly organized society, had an interesting case on docket Saturday night.

The November issue of the magazine has made its appearance. The students are demonstrating their ability to publish a real classy magazine.

The Susan B. Society will present an interesting play Saturday evening. There will be an admission of 10 cents. The money will go to the College Magazine. If you go you will be helping a worthy cause, but the play will be worth more than what it costs to see it. Be sure to attend and carry some one with you.

The Athletic Association has bought a new basket ball. The boys have already worn out one. This means they are getting some first class exercise.

Rev. Horace Freeman, of the class of 1904, also graduate of Emory College and now one of the leading preachers in the South Georgia Conference was married on December 4.

According to newspaper report Paul W. Ellis, a Young Harris graduate, preached one of the strong sermons at the Annual Conference in South Georgia, held at Dawson last week. It will be remembered that he preached our commencement sermon in May and that it was a strong one.

Miss Martha Reid, who has been sick for some few days, is back in school.

Miss Mary Murphy happened to a slight accident the other day by falling down the stairs. She is in school now.

The debaters from Demorest are wanting the Young Harris debaters to meet them at some other place than here, giving as their reasons the inaccessibility of the place and the inability to get judges. Our boys went to Demorest last year, they agreed to come here this time and it seems that if a change is desirable it ought not to be considered until the present contest is over.

It was announced that the new preacher would preach Sunday morning at eleven but he did not arrive. Prof. Sharp Sharp preached at the evening service.

Profs. Sharp and Hamrick are spending their leisure Mondays bird hunting.

The young men on the public debates for the spring term are going to discuss some of the real live questions of the day, the most interesting of which will be: Resolved, that Germany is to blame for the present European war and one of local interest. Resolved, that Georgia should have a compulsory school law for five months in the year from 6 to 14.

## Robertstown News.

After a siege of dull times business seems to be picking up. The Byrd-Matthews Lumber Co., shipped sixty cars of export lumber in November. Owing to the recent heavy rains which washed out six of their trestles, they are not sawing much now but expect to start in full force the first of the year.

The Gainesville and Northwestern are planning to build a round house and rail road shop at Robertstown after the first of January. There is also a company organized to put up a fertilizer plant here, which will be of benefit to the people north of the Blue Ridge.

Kimsey and Kimsey are building a five room residence on one of their lots near the public square. They expect to build a larger one in the near future.

W. W. Curtis is off on a trip to Indiana in the interest of some property he has there.

The outside work on the new school building is about complete and the material is ready for the inside work, which will be completed by the first of the year. The building when complete will cost two thousand dollars and the school under Misses Mebane and Stubbs we feel sure will be a success.

The Clark Brothers are making preparations to build a storeroom and dwelling on their lot just across the street from the depot.

Some of the gentlemen of color, who work up in the woods seem to have had a free for all fight Saturday, judging from the bloody heads that passed down toward the doctors office Saturday evening.

The town has just completed a new bridge across the Chattahoochee river opposite Clark Brothers store.

Observer.

## HIAWASSEE, GA.

Mrs. Bud Ledford, who has been here with her son and daughter in school for sometime, has moved back to her home in Buford.

Something like twenty-five wagons returned from Murphy Tuesday of this week with cement for building the jail. We understand that the head man is to be in at once, and the work is to be pushed rapidly to completion.

Work on the prospective drug store is still progressing.

Mr. Moss is moving from town to his country home on the Bell Creek road. Reports have it that Arling Kilpatrick is to move into the town house.

The mails were cut off a day or two last week on account of high water.

Christmas, Christmas, coming, coming.

Work and worry going, going.

Apples on the hearth a-sputter'n, "Hickernuts" grat'en in the sack,

Youths hearts in throat aflutter'n Speck'en Santa down the back.

Girls in red and brown and lincy, Wait'en at the door,

Banjo with the breath of Cindy Feet to fit the floor.

So what's the use to worry? To pine away and die,

Because perchance of work and flurry,

In a sad by and by.

J. Sneed.

## Men and Women

## Wanted



For the famous Roger-Blake Company's made to measure clothes call on J. H. Stephens, Young Harris, Georgia.

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CHICOPEE FALLS, MASS.

## LOST.

LOST: Three head of cattle. One cherry red heifer, natural muley, one year old and unmarked; one pale red bull with white spots and white spot in face, he is one year old and has a little coarse knocking bell on. Marked with a split in each ear and an under bit in left; One white heifer calf with red ears and red spots on neck, one year old in March, split in each ear and an under bit in left. Anyone that find these cattle please write me and I will pay all expenses.

J. E. Wheeler, Titus, Ga

## Three Kinds.

There are three kinds of men who don't know anything about women. They are old men, young men and middle-aged men.—Brooklyn Eagle.

## Test for Seeds.

Seeds not sufficiently ripe will float in water, but when arrived at full maturity they will sink to the bottom and this is proof that they are good to plant.

## No Lamp.

A three-year-old lad was out walking with his grandfather when he noticed the moon. Seeing that it did not look as it does at night, he remarked, very solemnly, "Well, there's the moon, but it ain't got any lamp in it now."

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J. H. Stephens.

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We are distributors of the famous "Stone" wrapped cakes 10 cents. Wrapped in pound packs. Stephens.

## No Use.

"I'm going to engage in a battle of wits," he announced. "What's the use of going into battle without any ammunition?" she asked.